## Geometry and Topology Preliminary Examination. UC Santa Cruz. Fall 2017

- 1. Recall that two submanifolds X and Y of a manifold M intersect transversely if for any  $x \in X \cap Y$  we have  $T_xX + T_xY = T_xM$ . Let X be a submanifold of  $M = \mathbb{R} \times P$ , where P is a smooth manifold, and  $\pi \colon M \to \mathbb{R}$  be the projection to the first component. Prove that X and the slice  $\{t\} \times P$  intersect transversely if and only if t is a regular value of the function  $\pi \mid_X$ .
- **2.** Let  $F: \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$  be a holomorphic function. Show that F is necessarily orientation preserving at its regular points, i.e.,  $F^*(dx \wedge dy) = fdx \wedge dy$  with f > 0.
- **3.** Let  $\omega$  be an n-form on the n-dimensional manifold M. Assume that  $\omega_p \neq 0$  at some point  $p \in M$ . Show that there exist local coordinates  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  near p such that  $\omega = dx_1 \wedge \ldots \wedge dx_n$ .
- **4.** Let  $K \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  be a cube made of wire, which is to say the union of the vertices and edges of the unit cube.
  - (1) What is the fundamental groups of K?
  - (2) Thicken K a bit, forming a smooth three-dimensional manifold whose boundary is the smooth surface X. Thus X is the set of all points a distance  $\varepsilon$  from K. (Smooth the corners of X if neccessary. Any  $\varepsilon < 1/2$  works.) What are the homology groups of X?
- **5.** Show that the integral homology groups  $H_i$  of a closed orientable simply connected 4-manifold are  $H_0 \cong H_4 \cong \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $H_1 = H_3 = 0$ , and  $H_2 \cong \mathbb{Z}^r$ , a free abelian group of some rank  $r \geq 0$ .
- **6.** Prove or disprove: SO(3) admits a metric of constant sectional curvature.
- 7. View  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  as the affine coordinate for  $\mathbb{R}P^1 \cong \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$  and let y be the 'other' affine coordinate centered at  $\infty$ .
  - A) Find the coordinate transition map relating x and y.
- B) Express the translation vector field  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$  on the line  $\mathbb{R}$  in terms of the y- coordinates at infinity.
- **8.** Let  $E_1, E_2, E_3$  be pointwise linearly independent vector fields on some manifold and suppose that  $[E_1, E_2] = E_3$ . Find necessary and sufficient conditions for functions f, g so as to insure that  $[fE_1, gE_2] = E_3$ .